## Python's Guide to the Galaxy

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https://github.com/tomron/python\_swiss\_2016





## Agenda - trilogy in 4 parts

- Data Structures -collections, itertools
- Dates time, datetime
- Text string, unicode, re
- And more



## **Data Structures**

#### Collections

namedtuple()	factory function for creating tuple subclasses with named fields	New in version 2.6.
deque	list-like container with fast appends and pops on either end	New in version 2.4.
Counter	dict subclass for counting hashable objects	New in version 2.7.
OrderedDict	dict subclass that remembers the order entries were added	New in version 2.7.
defaultdict	dict subclass that calls a factory function to supply missing values	New in version 2.5.





#### collections

 $d = \{1 : 20\} \\ e = \{1 : 22\} \\ d + e$ 

TypeError: unsupported operand type(s) for +: 'dict' and 'dict' from collections import
Counter

d = Counter({1 : 20})
e = Counter({1 : 22})
d + e

Counter({1: 42})

## iterating

books = ["The Hitchhiker's Guide to the Galaxy',
"The Restaurant at the End of the Universe',
"Life, the Universe and Everything',
"So Long, and Thanks for All the Fish',
"Mostly Harmless", "And Another Thing..."]

for index, book in enumerate(books, 1):
 print "\"%s\" is the %s book"%(book, index)

"The Hitchhiker's Guide to the Galaxy" is the 1 book

"The Restaurant at the End of the Universe" is the 2 book

"Life, the Universe and Everything" is the 3 book

#### iterating

publish years = [1979, 1980, 1982, 1984, 1992, 2009]

for book, year in zip(books, publish\_years):
 print "%s was published in %s"%(book, year)

The Hitchhiker's Guide to the Galaxy was published in 1979

The Restaurant at the End of the Universe was published in 1980

Life, the Universe and Everything was published in 1982

Infinite iterators	count, cycle, repeat
Iterators terminating on the shortest input sequence	chain, compress, dropwhile, groupby, ifilter, ifilterfalse, islice, imap, startmap, tee, takewhile, izip, iziplongest
Combinatoric generators	product, permutations, combinations, combinations_with_replacement

```
from itertools import takewhile
books publish year = zip(books, publish years)
```

# All books published before 1900
# Assuming books are sorted

books\_before\_1990 = takewhile(lambda (book, year): year <
1990, books\_publish\_year)</pre>

[The Hitchhiker's Guide to the Galaxy, The Restaurant at the End of the Universe, Life, the Universe and Everything, So Long, and Thanks for All the Fish]

# Taking 2 books for to read on my vacation

from itertools import combinations

for book1, book2 in combinations(books, 2):
 print "\"%s\"\t\"%s\""%(book1, book2)

"The Hitchhiker's Guide to the Galaxy"
"The Hitchhiker's Guide to the Galaxy"
"Life, the Universe and Everything"
"The Hitchhiker's Guide to the Galaxy"
"So Long, and Thanks for All the Fish"
"The Hitchhiker's Guide to the Galaxy"
"Mostly Harmless"
"The Hitchhiker's Guide to the Galaxy"
"And Another Thing..."

# But which one should I read first?

from itertools import permutations

for book1, book2 in permutations(books, 2):
 print "\"%s\"\t\"%s\""%(book1, book2)

# group by - books by decades

from itertools import groupby

for decade, gr in groupby(books\_publish\_year, lambda x: 10\*(x[1]/10)): print decade, ";".join(["\"%s\""%(g[0]) for g in gr])

1970 "The Hitchhiker's Guide to the Galaxy" 1980 "The Restaurant at the End of the Universe";"Life, the Universe and Everything";"So Long, and Thanks for All the Fish" 1990 "Mostly Harmless" 2000 "And Another Thing..."



- time Time access and conversions
- datetime Basic date and time types, dates manipulations
- calendar General calendar-related functions

from datetime import datetime

# from string
my\_time = '2016-02-05 09:37:11'

d = datetime.strptime(my\_time, "%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S")

datetime.datetime(2016, 2, 5, 9, 37, 11)

# to string

```
d.strftime("%Y-%B-%d %H:%M:%S")
```

2016-February-05 09:37:11

from datetime import timedelta

delta = timedelta(hours=1)
time in 1 hour = now + delta

**print** now 2016-01-31 17:07:03.080847

print time\_in\_1\_hour
2016-01-31 18:07:03.080847

and now = datetime.now()

# who much time passed?
time diff = and now - now

print "time\_diff: %s"%time\_diff
time\_diff: 0:00:00.000088

print "time\_diff.seconds: %s" %time\_diff.seconds
time\_diff.seconds: 0

print "time\_diff.total\_seconds: %s'%time\_diff.total\_seconds()
time\_diff.total\_seconds: 8.8e-05

```
tomorrow = now + timedelta(days=1)
time_diff_tomorrow = tomorrow - now
```

```
print "time_diff_tomorrow: %s"%time_diff_tomorrow
time_diff_tomorrow: 1 day, 0:00:00
```

print "time\_diff\_tomorrow.seconds: %s'%time\_diff\_tomorrow.seconds
time\_diff\_tomorrow.seconds:0

print "time\_diff\_tomorrow.total\_seconds: %s'%time\_diff\_tomorrow. total\_seconds() time\_diff\_tomorrow.total\_seconds: 86400.0



print 'zürich'



# -\*- coding: utf-8 -\*-

print 'zürich'

SyntaxError: Non-ASCII character '\xc3'

#### zürich



- string plain sequence of bytes, default ASCII
- unicode , str := unicode in Python 3



# -\*- coding: utf-8 -\*-

len('ü')

len(u'ü')

len(u'ü'.encode('utf-8'))

2

1

2

1

len(u'ü'.encode('latin1')

#### RE

#### import re

sentence = "\"The Hitchhiker's Guide to the Galaxy\" was published in
1979"

```
regex = "\"([\w ']+)\" was published in (\S+)"
```

re.findall(regex,
sentence)

[("The Hitchhiker's Guide to the Galaxy", '1979')]

match1 = re.match(regex, sentence)

match1.groups()

match1.group(1)

match1.span(1)

match1.groupdict()

("The Hitchhiker's Guide to the Galaxy", '1979') The Hitchhiker's Guide to the Galaxy (1, 37) {}

```
match2 = re.search("\"(?P<book>[\w ']+)\" was published in (?
P<year>\S+)", sentence)
```

```
match2.groups()
```

```
match2.groups()
```

match2.span(1)

match2.groupdict()

("The Hitchhiker's Guide to the Galaxy", '1979') The Hitchhiker's Guide to the Galaxy (1, 37) {'book': "The Hitchhiker's Guide to the Galaxy", 'year': '1979'}

#### And..



- Reading data from web (urllib, urllib2)
- Async
- Profiling
- More about text

# So long, as Thanks for All the Fish

